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court or magistrate and sell such liquors in one parcel, or at public auction in parcels of not less than 20 wine gallons (75.7 liters); or,

(d) A retiring partner, or representative of a deceased partner, who sells distilled spirits, wines, or beer to the incoming or remaining partner, or partners, of a partnership.

Persons making such sales are not required to pay special tax, or keep the records or reports required of dealers in subpart O of this part.

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1340 (26 U.S.C. 5113))

[25 FR 6270, July 2, 1960. Redesignated at 40 FR 16835, Apr. 15, 1975, and amended by T.D. ATF-34, 41 FR 46860, Oct. 26, 1976]

§ 194.189 Agents, auctioneers, brokers, etc., acting on behalf of others.

Certain persons may sell liquors as agents or employees of others, or receive and transmit orders therefor to a dealer, without being considered liquor or beer dealers on account of such activities; they are as follows:

- (a) Auctioneers who merely sell liquors at auction on behalf of others,
- (b) Agents or brokers who merely solicit orders for liquors in the name of a principal, but neither stock nor deliver the liquors for which orders are taken.
- (c) Employees who merely sell liquors on behalf of their employers, and
- (d) Retail dealers in liquors or retail dealers in beer who merely receive and transmit to a wholesale dealer orders for liquors or beer to be billed, charged, and shipped to customers by such wholesale dealers.

Such persons, who have no property rights in the liquors or beer sold, may make collections for their principals and receive commissions for their services, or guarantee the payment of accounts, without being required to pay special tax. In all such cases, however, the principal is required to pay special tax at each place where sales are consummated, unless he is exempt therefrom under the provisions of this subpart.

§ 194.190 Apothecaries or druggists selling medicines and tinctures.

Apothecaries and druggists who use wines or spirituous liquors for

compounding medicines and in making tinctures which are unfit for use for beverage purposes are not required to pay special tax as dealers in liquors by reason of the sale of such compounds or tinctures for nonbeverage purposes.

(72 Stat. 1328; 26 U.S.C. 5025)

§ 194.191 Persons selling products unfit for beverage use.

- (a) Vendors not deemed dealers in liquors or beer. No person selling or offering for sale for nonbeverage purposes products classed as unfit for beverage use under the provisions of §19.58 of this chapter shall be deemed, solely by reason of such sales, to be a dealer in liquors.
- (b) Restrictions. Any person who sells or offers for sale any nonbeverage products for use, or for sale for use, for beverage purposes, or who sells any of such products under circumstances from which it might reasonably appear that it is the intention of the purchaser to procure the same for sale or use for beverage purposes, shall pay special tax as a wholesale or retail dealer in liquors or as a wholesale or retail dealer in beer, as the case may

[25 FR 6270, July 2, 1960. Redesignated at 40 FR 16835, Apr. 15, 1975, as amended by T.D. ATF-379, 61 FR 31426, June 20, 1996]

§ 194.192 Retail dealer selling in liquidation his entire stock.

No retail dealer in liquors or retail dealer in beer, selling in liquidation his entire stock of liquors in one parcel, or in parcels embracing not less than his entire stock of distilled spirits, of wines, or of beer, which parcels may contain a combination of any or all such liquors, to any other dealer shall be deemed to be a wholesale dealer in liquors or a wholesale dealer in beer, as the case may be, by reason of such sale or sales. A retail dealer making such sale or sales is not required to keep records or submit reports thereof.

(72 Stat. 1340; 26 U.S.C. 5113)

§ 194.193 Persons returning liquors for credit, refund, or exchange.

No retail dealer in liquors or beer, or other person, shall be deemed to be a